



Realtime Individualization of Brain Computer Interfaces

MARIA SANDSTEN, CENTRE FOR MATHEMATICAL SCIENCES, BO BERNHARDSSON, DEPARTMENT OF AUTOMATIC CONTROL, MIKAEL JOHANSSON, DEPARTMENT OF PSYCHOLOGY



High hopes for future BCI-applications

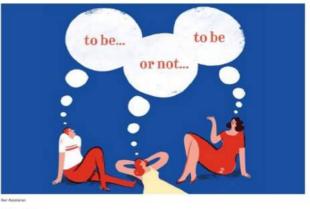


NewScientist Sign up to our daily email newsletter News Technology Space Physics Health Environment Mind Video | Travel Live Jobs Home | Features | Mind | Technology FEATURE 26 September 2018 Mind-reading devices can now access your thoughts and dreams using AI

POPL

Amat

We can now decode dreams and recreate images of faces people have seen, and everyone from Facebook to Elon Musk wants a piece of this mind reading reality



By Timothy Revell

THE DAILY NEWSLETTER

I FEEL like a cross between an Olympic swimmer and a cyborg. On my head is a bathing-cap-like hat dotted with electrodes, and a cable dangles behind me

David Ibanez and Marta Castellano, from the neuroscience company Starlab, look at me from across a table at their

WALLENBERG AI

17 Feb 2011 | 17:33 GMT

BrainDriver: A Mind Controlled Car

BrainDriver allows you to drive your car by thought

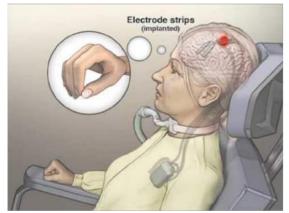




BCIs today









- Slow
- Long learn and calibration times
- Invasive sensors sometimes used
- Often captures 'perception' instead of 'intention'



WALLENBERG AI, AUTONOMOUS SY AND SOFTWARE





Improved learning time, performance and robustness of EEG-based BCIs.

Possible applications in cognitive neuroscience, diagnostic medicine, forensic contexts, education, and beyond.



Research team



Maria Sandsten Prof. Mathematical Statistics



Rachele Andersson Postdoc Mathematical Statistics



Bo Bernhardsson Prof. Automatic Control



Carolina Bergeling Postdoc Automatic Control



Frida Heskebeck PhD student Automatic Control



Mikael Johansson Prof. Psychology





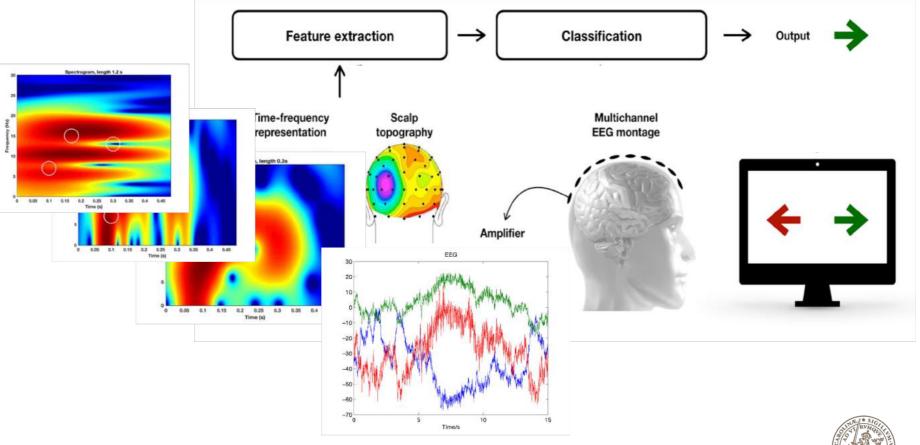
Ines Bramao Ass. Lecturer Psychology



Researcher Psychology



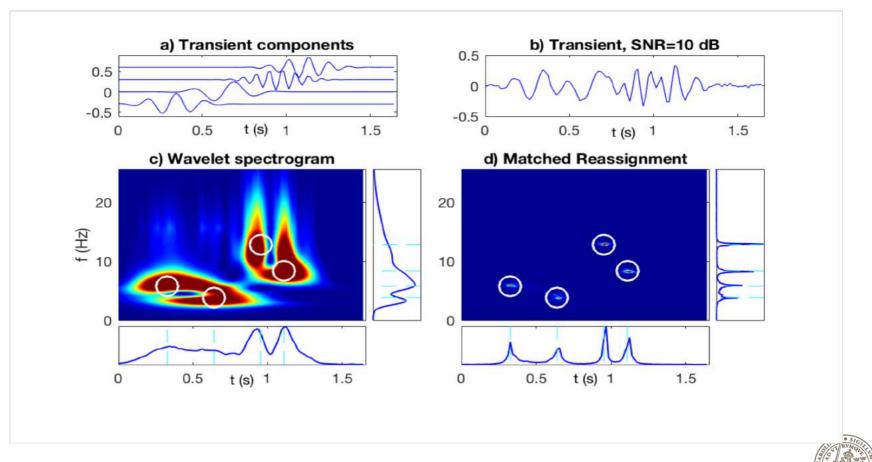
State-of-the-art EEG-based Brain Computer Interfaces





WALLENBERG AI, Autonomous systems And software program

Example on improved resolution



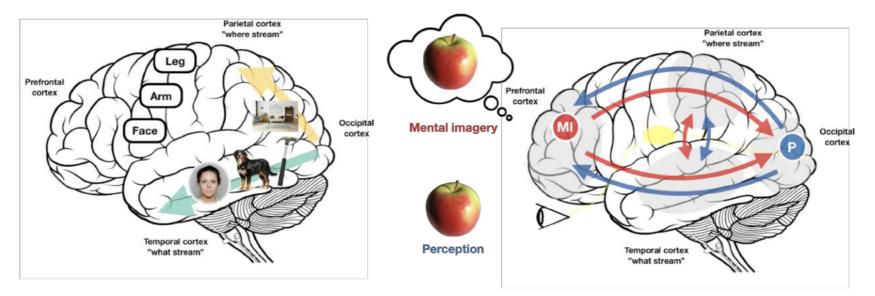
WALLENBERG AI, AUTONOMOUS SYSTEMS AND SOFTWARE PROGRA



Spatial-Temporal Cognitive Models

A. Functional specialization

B. Reversed information flow perception and imagery

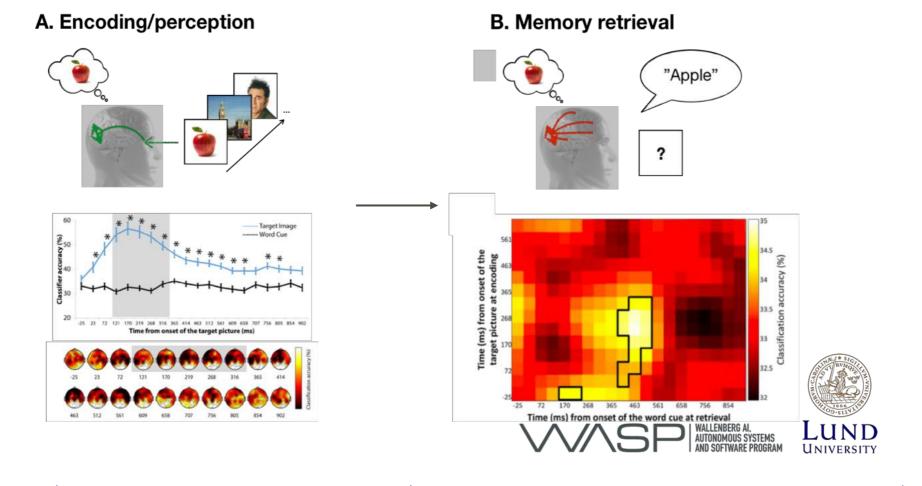




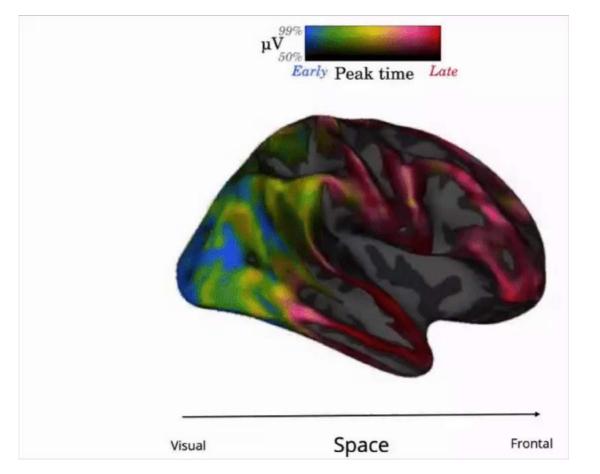
WALLENBERG AI, Autonomous systems And software program

Memory Retrieval Analysis (from EEG only)

Multivariate Pattern Analysis of EEG data reveals the contents of memory retrieval (Bramão & Johansson (2018) eNeuro)



Flow of information



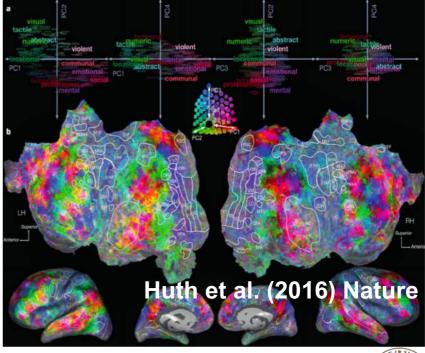
J-R. King, V. Wyart, *The Human Brain encodes a Chronicle of Visual Events at each Instant of Time* bioRxiv 846576; doi: <u>https://doi.org/10.1101/846576</u> See @jrking0 for tweet with movie. EEG -> source reconstruction



Recent Progress in Cognitive Modelling

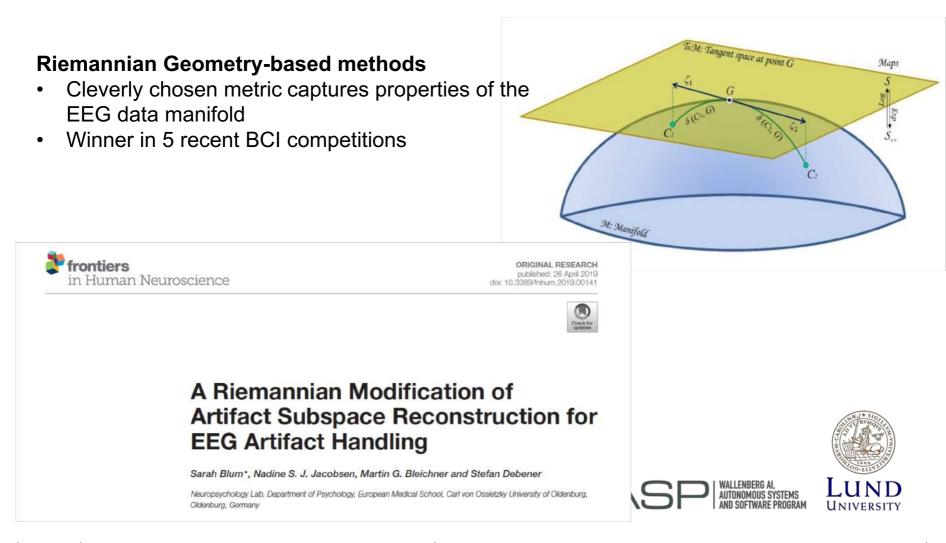


fMRI + EEG

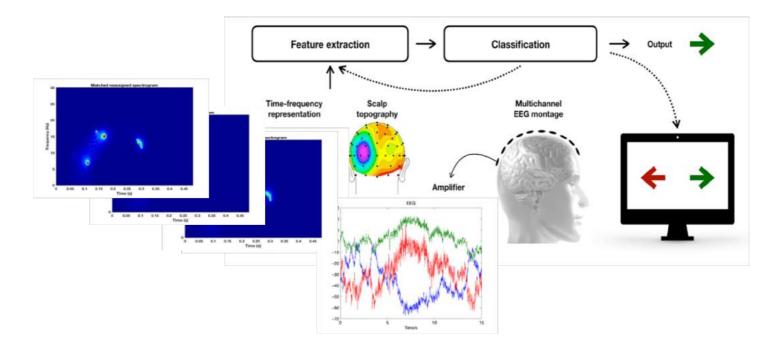




Tailored Distance Metrics



BCI 2.0 – feedback control



We investigate the use of cognitive modeling and feedback control to

- optimize **time-frequency and feature representations** for increased resolution and reliability
- increase learning speed using transfer learning and dual adaptive control





Bo Bernhardsson bo.bernhardsson@control.lth.se control.lth.se/BCI

Maria Sandsten maria.sandsten@matstat.lu.se maths.lu.se/staff/mariasandsten/

